

Prior Learning:

- Listening and Appraising in UFS, Y1, 2 and 3
- Vocalising and singing
- Playing Chime Bars in Year 1 and 2 and Glockenspiel in Year 3

Possible Careers:

- Professional Musician
- Music Teacher
- Sound technician
- Music Therapist
- Radio DJ
- Singer/Songwriter
- Composer

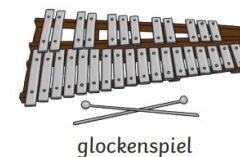
Indicators of ABBA's Music

- There are always 4 singers
- The two female members of the group always sing the tune, often in unison (together).
- The two male members of the group sing backing vocals and play instruments.
- Their songs use different instrumental riffs that often echo the vocal lines.
- Piano and keyboard are mainly used for this which builds a thick texture.
- ABBA's songs usually tell a story and range from ballads to disco with a strong dance beat.

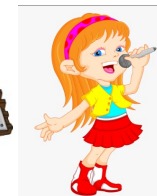
Key Vocabulary

pulse	The regular heartbeat of the music; its steady beat
rhythm	The pattern of long and short sounds (notes or words) that happen over the pulse
pitch	High and low sounds
tempo	How fast or slow the music is
dynamics	How loud or quiet the music is
texture	A musical dimension that describes the layers of sound in music
structure	How the sections (verses and choruses etc.) of a song are ordered to make the whole piece.
improvise	To make up a tune and play it on the spot
compose	Creating and developing musical ideas
perform	Singing and playing instruments for others to hear
melody	Another name for a tune
hook	A short catchy phrase or riff that we can't stop singing; the bit that 'hooks' us in
riff	A short repeated phrase, often played on a lead instrument such as guitar, piano or saxophone
pop music	'Popular music'. Pop music constantly changes as we change and the world changes.

Instruments we are going to use:

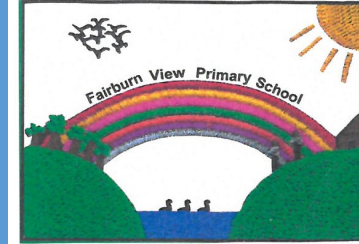


glockenspiel



Singing

Year 4, Autumn 2 – Notation



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








Possible Careers:

- Professional Musician
- Music Teacher
- Sound technician
- Music Therapist

In this unit children will:

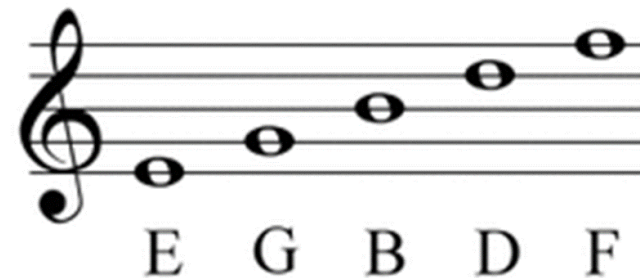
- How to read music
- How to notate music
- The different notes associated with all music

Notes we are going to learn:

Rhythm Notation			
Each note length has an equivalent rest that lasts for the same duration.			
	semibreve		semibreve rest
	minim		minim rest
	crotchet		crotchet rest
	quaver		quaver rest
	semiquaver		semiquaver rest

When reading notes on a line, the rhyme to remember is:

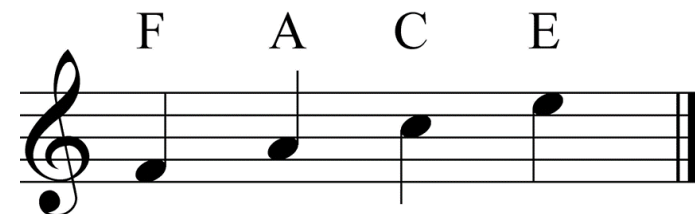
Every **G**ood **B**oy **D**eserves **F**ood

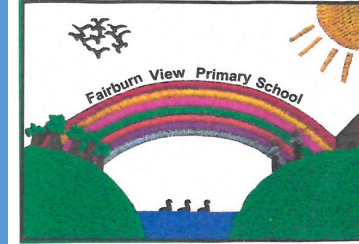


When reading music there are four steps you should take:

1. Is the note on a line or in a space?
2. What rhyme will I use?
3. What number line or space is it on?
4. Go through the rhymes on your fingers

When reading notes in a space, the rhyme to remember is:





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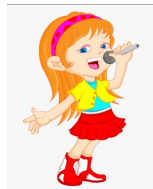
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Instruments we are going to use:



glockenspiel



Singing

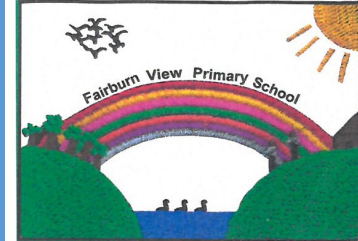
Gospel

Gospel music is religious/Christian music where people sing about God in many different styles e.g. folk, urban, modern worship, blues and country. Often religious words or words/ lyrics that make us think about friendship or helping each other.

Lyrics with meaning if the song is not religious. Choirs singing in a call and response style. Use of instruments is dependant on the style of the gospel music. The music could use piano, bass and drums and Hammond organ. An electric guitar could also be used.

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riff	A short repeated phrase, often played on a lead instrument such as guitar, piano or saxophone
solo	'An Italian word to describe playing, singing or performing of one person or on our own
melody	Another name for a tune
unison	All together
notation	Ways to visually represent music (write it down/show it)



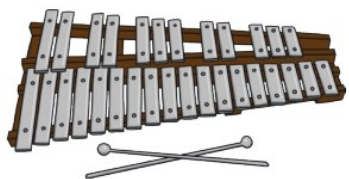
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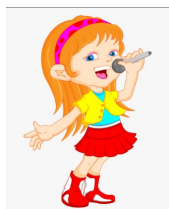
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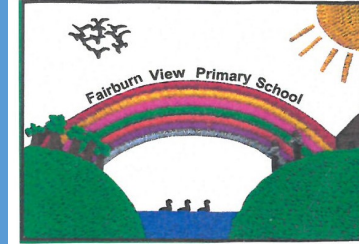
Sea Shanty

A **shanty** is a 'work song', traditionally sung by sailors to help them with their very physically demanding jobs on ships, such as pulling ropes.

Singing a song while working helped keep the sailors in time and enabled them to do things, for example pull ropes, in rhythm with one another.

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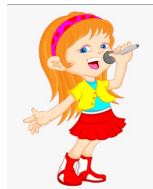
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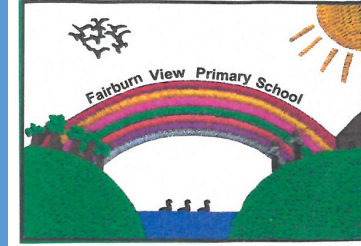
Singing

Background info about the song

- The Beatles helped to reshape Western Pop Music in the 1960's and are one of the most successful bands ever.
- The Beatles had four members: John Lennon, Paul McCartney, George Harrison and Ringo Starr.
- In the 1950's and 60's, slavery had been abolished in America, but racism was still rife and life wasn't equal for African Americans. There was a huge struggle for equality. Paul McCartney wrote the song Blackbird in support of the Black Power Movement.

Key Vocabulary

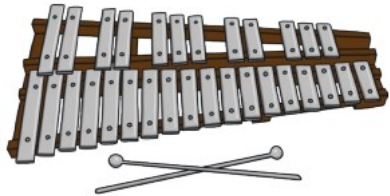
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pentatonic scale	A fixed five-note pattern e.g: the five black keys on a piano



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- In German the word 'glockenspiel' means 'to play the bells'.
- Most percussion instruments do not produce a pitch when struck like the glockenspiel does, making it a unique percussion instrument.
- Auguste Mustel invented the glockenspiel in Paris in 1886.
- Modern artists such as The Beatles and Bruce Springsteen use the glockenspiel in their music.

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glockenspiel	A tuned percussion instrument with a set of tuned metal pieces mounted in a frame and struck with a beater